

MC311 & Customer Service Excellence— Governance Review

Exploring practical next steps for ensuring that the County is
fully leveraging MC311 for continuous improvement in
customer service excellence



CountyStat Principles

- **Require data-driven performance**
- **Promote strategic governance**
- **Increase government transparency**
- **Foster a culture of accountability**



Desired Outcome

Ensure that the County is fully utilizing and leveraging MC311 for continuous improvement in customer service excellence—by focusing on practical, no-cost/low-cost next steps

Today's meeting will evaluate MC311 as a system rather than the MC311 performance of individual departments. Generalized findings in this presentation will inform CountyStat's work with departments moving forward.



Agenda

- **Background**
 - SLA performance, vision, and pain points
- **Focus Area 1: Governance (Policy)**
 - Analysis: Bypassing methods, existing policy, benchmarking
 - Follow-up Items: Clarifying guidance and governance process
- **Focus Area 2—Integration (Technology)**
 - Analysis: System integration challenges and opportunities
 - Follow-up Items: Prioritizing MC311 on county homepage
- **Focus Area 3—Communication and Collaboration (People)**
 - Analysis: Need for—and methods—of collaboration
 - Follow-up Items: Internal satisfaction and external marketing
- **Next Steps: Process for Continuous Improvement (Process)**



Context and Introduction

BACKGROUND





by the Numbers

2,500,000

customer requests

3,300

services & info items

1

MC311

152,400

online requests

13,000

phone numbers

[integrates]

37

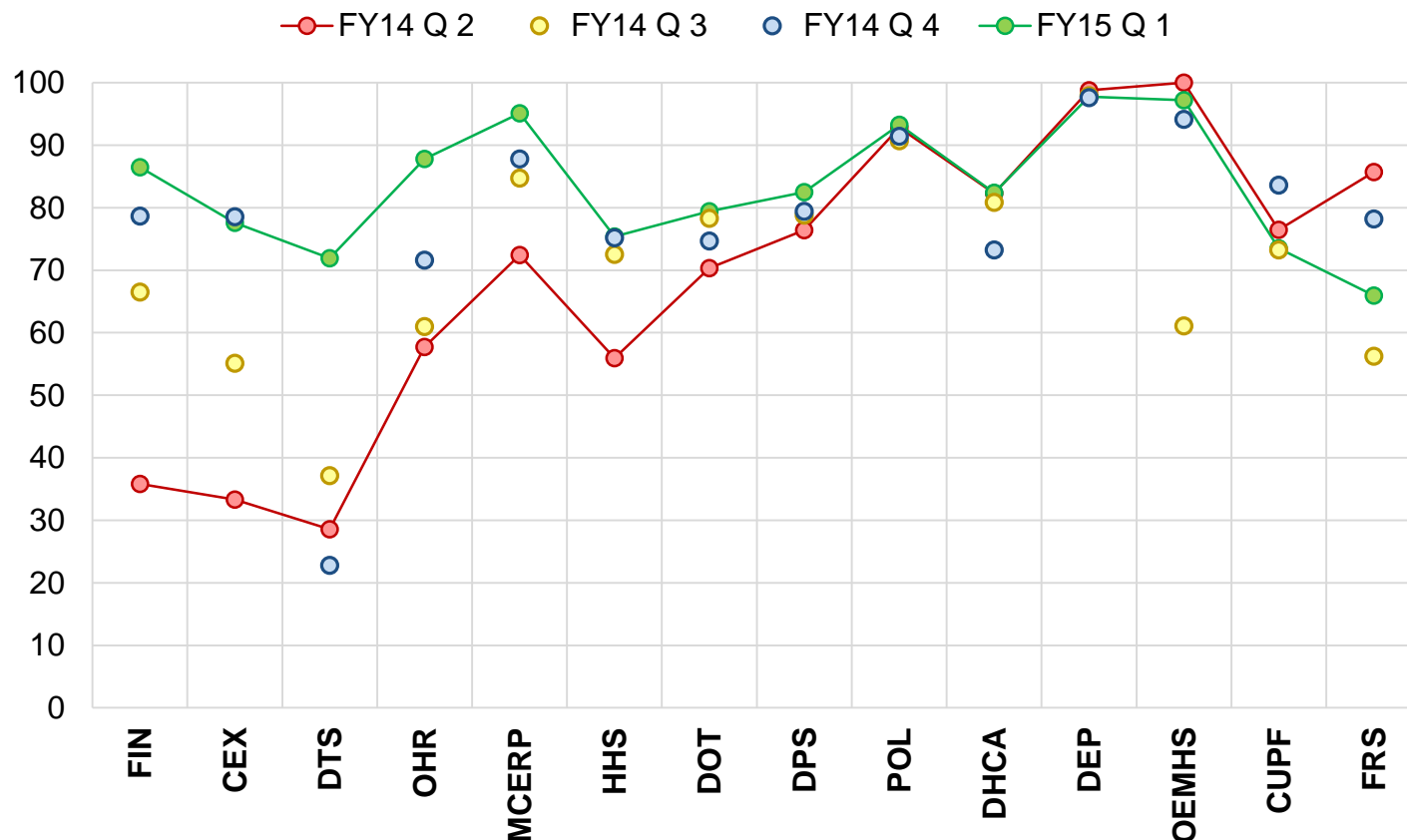
departments

10,000

email addresses



SLA performance has improved significantly in 2014



Most improved: FIN, CEX, DTS, OHR

Top 8: DEP, DOT, DPS, DHCA, FIN, POL, HHS, OHR

SR Share: About 28% of MC311 Intake is SR (73% for DEP, and 62% for DHCA)



Includes all departments with > 25 SR's per quarter, excludes non-MCG

Context

MC311 SLA performance has noticeably improved across departments in CY14—enabling departments to focus on lagging SLAs moving forward

Customer satisfaction has risen over the past year: in Dec-Jan timeframe, overall satisfaction stands at 90.5% for web and 77.5% for phone

CountyStat's experience with MC311 suggests that remaining issues are **as much about perception as reality**

Most of the low hanging fruit has been picked; future improvements will often require complex trade-offs and time-consuming, coordinated implementation, rather than easy one-off decisions



MC311 Vision: What the County set out to do...

“Develop a ‘one-stop’ phone number for all government non-emergency: information and referral, requests for service, and status requests”

Desired Benefits for Residents

**Eliminate
the need for
citizens to
understand
Government
organization**

**Minimize call
referrals and
transfer**

**Provide
service
request
tracking and
traceability**

**Enhance
self-service
through user
friendly
website**

Additional goal: cost-savings by steering residents to “least expensive channels” and consolidating call centers.



Current pain points

1

While much progress has been made, some County programs and intake channels have not fully integrated MC311 into their day-to-day operations in an effective way.

2

Many systems continue exist in parallel—and are often only loosely integrated, in part because MC311 CRM remains largely an intake-only system, creating opportunities for “bypassing.”

3

Perceptions and complaints must continue to be proactively managed to further improve buy-in and customer satisfaction.



From problems to solutions: how do we “close the loop” and reduce “bypassing”?

1. Put in place a policy against which to evaluate non-MC311 intake—with performance standards and rules of consistency with MC311

2. Improve system integration and guide web traffic through MC311

3. Enhance internal communication to improve buy-in—and external marketing to raise awareness of MC311



Focus Area 1—Policy

GOVERNANCE OF NON-MC311 CHANNELS



Non-MC311 Intake and “Bypassing”: What should the policy be moving forward?

- **The goal of 311 systems is to provide residents with a single phone number for any and all government services.**
 - Does this imply eliminating all other intake channels? Different jurisdictions take different approaches.
- **Original policy in Montgomery County: MC311 to subsume ALL “non-emergency services.”**
 - Phase 1 implementation successfully subsumed ~35 hotlines and departmental channels, followed by incremental additions
 - Many of the remaining non-MC311 lines may meet the original criteria (“non-emergency”), but most can offer a compelling justification for their parallel existence that will need to be weighed against the expected benefits from potential streamlining



To what extent, if any, do we need to revisit or tweak the policies that were set out in the original MC311 strategy and move to a governance model that is less “black and white”?

Lessons from other 311 Systems

CountyStat examined 10 other 311 systems to assess opportunities for improvement:

Albuquerque, Baltimore, Chicago, DC, LA, NYC, Philadelphia, SF, Toronto, and Vancouver.

High frequency customer-facing departments

Opportunity for further streamlining/consolidating online intake and for closer integration with case management systems.

Health department

Always have own dedicated lines (often more consolidated), but opportunity for further MC311 integration in some areas, including online intake.

Public Safety

Opportunity for greater use of SR's and online intake for non-emergency services.

Facilities-based departments

Typically poorly integrated into 311—residents often seek direct access to library branches, pools, parks, etc.

Internally focused departments

Very common to have a standalone HR, IT, and General Services / Fleet hotline.

Small departments

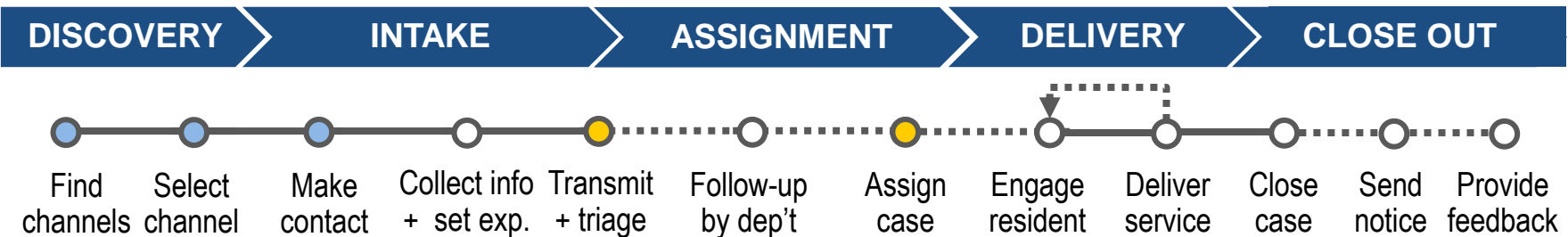
Typically have own lines, but CRM can present an opportunity for process realignment and more robust intake (incl. online services).

Finding: Only Vancouver, New York, and Toronto appear to have undergone a comprehensive, concerted effort to eliminate non-311 numbers from departmental websites



MC311 is more integrated than most; however, leading 311 systems offer a few lessons that the County can learn from

External Bypassing: Driven by Outside Actors



BYPASSING BY DEMAND

- **Unadvertised office visits** (DHCA, HHS, etc.)
- **Directly contacting individual staff members**
- **Use of legacy systems** (incl. fax and email)
- **Internal referrals directly to office / staff**
- **Official correspondence** (CEX, Council), often complaints concerning an existing request rather than a “fresh” new one—and relatively small in number

Survey of high-volume departments: Overall, the volume of resident service requests through non-designated channels is fairly small—and not seen as a tremendous burden (i.e. equivalent to processing an “involved” 311 request). As long as these exchanges are documented via a 311 service requests, this is not a major issue.

BYPASSING ABILITY TO ENFORCE

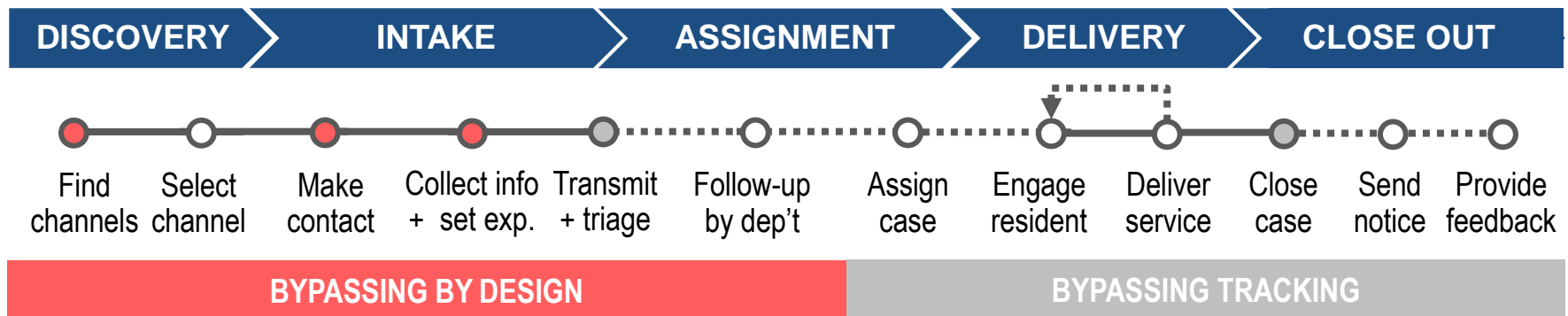
- **State** - State roads, deer, birth cert., etc.
- **Municipalities** - Code enf, solid waste, etc.
- **MCPS** - Schools
- **Council**
- **Courts and Sheriff**
- **HOC**
- **Others**

Residents do not care about jurisdictional divisions, but MC311 is inherently constrained in its ability to “onboard” non-MCG entities.

Roadmap of MC311 Activities:

- Working with SHA to compensate County contractor to pick up deer on select State highways
- Meeting with municipalities this month to explore deeper partnership

Internal Bypassing and Justifications



- **Emergency + crisis numbers:** POL, FRS, HHS
- **Required by law:** Crisis center ops, noise complaint form, medical assistance, etc.
- **24 hour access:** Crisis Center Ops, Library Renewal Line, DPS IVR, ADRU, DOT 7-5935
- **Weekend / off-hour operations:** DOT 7-ROAD, REC, CUPF 7-2710
- **Confidential information:** HHS health centers, HIV/STD, OCP, HRC, DLC orders
- **Specialized online forms:** DEP Noise, DPS Hansen, various PDF forms
- **Non-emergency dedicated hotlines for branches:** Libraries, HHS, Rec, 777-VOTE—desire for direct line to specific office/location
- **Contractor-managed interactions:** Parking, shuttle services, etc.

- **Hot transfers:** HHS, PIO, CEX, etc.
- **Highly specialized intake systems:** DOT map-based intake apps, DPS Hansen
- **Infrequent intake or lack of capacity for SRs:** CEC, RSC, other small departments
- **Unstructured or individual-based intake processes:** HHS Income Sup, small offices
- **Complex applications:** HHS income support, OHR Benefits add dependent, etc.
- **Complex triage + routing:** HHS, REC, etc.

“Bypassing tracking” occurs when MC311 transfers resident to a department or external form for follow-up action in a way that does not get tracked as a traditional SR due to practical or operational limitations

MC311 On-Boarding Roadmap (1/2)

OPPORTUNITIES

Police animal services: MoU with SHA

Partner portal with Munis: Meeting this month

Department emails: 311 Business Analysts are working with departments on a case by case basis

Department welcome announcements: Offload customers to 311 for general information requests

Case links directly in SR templates: Integration with HANSEN and Munis.

IN PROGRESS

REC: Working to handle a greater % of calls since REC unable to keep up with volume

DGS Fleet: Go from hot transfer to service requests

Income Supports: Include 311 on voicemail messages for main line and personal lines—freeing up time for case managers (SRs instead of voicemails)

DEP Web Store: Ability to request several items currently available at SWS web store (ex: 22-gallon bins) on 311 portal

HHS Immunization: No longer publicizing the Immunization Line; use voicemail message to direct callers to 311

MC311 is actively working with departments to “onboard” more services based on high potential for improved efficiency and customer service



MC311 On-Boarding Roadmap (2/2)

COMPLETED

DHCA Housing Code

Enf: Retired online complaints forms; Create SR for all email, fax, walk-in

DTS Cable Complaint

Office: Retired online complaints forms and no longer advertise phone #

OHR Benefits: Closed email and changed phone #; 311 now single point of contact. OHR formed Customer Care Center to take transfers and emergency calls.

DEP Solid Waste:

Include Bulk and Scrap requests

Police Animal Services:

Exclusively 311 to take dead animal removal requests; contractor use Seibel in field

HHS Service Eligibility

Unit: 311 information provided on main numbers to offload GI requests.

DEP Environmental:

Retired online complaint forms for complaints/ Qs and offer single point of contact

MCERP: MC311 agents handle inquiries, reset passwords, etc.

DHCA Case Link in SR Template: Enables agents and requestor to look up individual cases in case mgmt system with single click

MC311 Can use these experiences to demonstrate benefits:

Higher level of customer service; Reduced cost of transactions; Fewer clicks; Single point of record; and Single point of contact



Governance framework: Principles and conditions

- The principles governing MC311 can and likely should apply to all of the county's interactions with customers:

Accountable

- Performance standards
- Transparent data on performance

Responsive

- Timely response
- Do not “fall through cracks”

Efficient

- Cost effective
- No unnecessary touch-points

- MC311 has built-in systems to protect all three principles. From a governance perspective, it would seem that departmental intake systems that are to coexist with MC311 should be judged by the same principles—i.e.:

1. Have a sufficiently robust justification in place for maintaining separate intake channels

2. Do not contradict or undermine; but rather complement, leverage, and collaborate with MC311

3. Collect and share evidence to demonstrate the system provides good customer service and meets service standards



Under what conditions can departments advertise non-MC311 intake channels? (1/3) – PRELIMINARY

Justification 1: “Residents require access to my services on off-hours or on the weekends when MC-311 is not operational”

Option: Allow department to advertise departmental line, but only alongside MC311 (“on weekends, please call...” or “for general inquiries, please call MC311”) (current example: 7-ROAD)

**Qs: Hours on weekends?
Reliance on voice mail?**

Justification 2: “Customer want to contact our facility/ branch/ pool/ etc. directly to get immediate answers from our staff”

Option 1: Maintain status quo (direct contact and marketing of numbers)

Option 2: Allow and endorse the use of facility-specific numbers, but mandate that support be dependent on their ability to demonstrate effective customer service (i.e. by sharing data) and close collaboration with MC311

Option 3: Fully consume channels within MC-311 and work with departments on frequently updated KBA's; a federated approach for routing complex questions to branches; and system integrations

Case by case

Under what conditions can departments advertise non-MC311 intake channels? (2/3) – PRELIMINARY

Justification 3: “Most callers to my office require special care, a high level of trust, or complex triage that a 311 generalists cannot provide”

Option: Accept this justification, provided that the department (1) directs general requests to 311, includes 311 in their marketing, and actively uses the 311 knowledge base and (2) demonstrates good customer service, cost-effectiveness, and responsiveness

311 is intake and triage only; dep’t needs to be staffed to handle incoming calls

Justification 4: “We require a highly specialized application or intake system; using generic Siebel is not realistic.”

Option 1: Accept this justification, take calls as GI, and enter data into specialized intake system or send caller to website for PDF form / specialized online form

Option 2: Enter data via specialized system but enter a parallel Siebel SR that the department will have to close out as it closes out the ticket in its own intake system

Option 3: Explore tailored Siebel-based solutions, such as a customized data entry form

Depends on system + need. Option 1 most common; “Snow App” uses Option 2.



Under what conditions can departments advertise non-MC311 intake channels? (3/3) – PRELIMINARY

Justification 5: “My department is too small to be able to effectively handle SR’s and make use of Siebel”

Option 1: Accept this constraint and avoid sending formal SR’s, relying instead on hot/cold transfers

Option 2: Use Siebel as an opportunity for business process re-engineering to improve operational efficiencies

Option 1 makes sense for dept’s that receive less than a dozen calls per year

Justification 6: “We expect residents to get in contact with our contractor directly rather than through us—that is what we pay them for”

Option 1: Accept this justification and forward 311 calls to the contractor as needed (triage or GI)

Option 2: Issue SR’s to the department for routing to the contractor

Option 3: Bring contracted firm onto Siebel

Case by case—depends on what is feasible. Currently use Option 1 for parking violations. Use Option 3 for deer contractor. Goal: avoid “unnecessary layers.”



Policy: Questions and Request Types that MC311 Should NOT Handle (proposed by MC311)

MC311 Should NOT handle (or use SR for answer w/in 2 hrs)	Examples
In Progress Status Updates	Status of job application, child care services, contract or liquor license
Eligibility or Evaluation	Food stamps, public housing, mental health, etc.
Time Sensitivity	Inspector is late for appointment with resident; customer needs benefits info at doctor's office
Emergent Issues	Reporting a fallen tree on a house, electrical line is down, street is flooding from creek
Strategic Importance	Business owner wants to relocate to County and wants information about tax abatements
Highly Specialized	Information about a pending lawsuit, zoning information
Privacy/HIPAA	Personal medical information or employment records
Low Volume/Rare or Unusual Question	Consumer protection questions, open data rules, etc. (low volume does not warrant transaction cost of training, etc.)



In these cases, MC311 provides routing when called but relies on dept for response; need to avoid adding unnecessary layers

Follow-up Items

- ❑ **MC311, CountyStat, and CEX:** Formally establish new guidelines for non-MC311 in-take channels (when okay, when not; roles and responsibilities—See Appendix). Evaluate non-MC311 in-take channels against new criteria and potential MC311 value-add.
- ❑ **Non-MC311 in-take channels:** Provide data on performance to ensure they meet county-wide standard for customer service
- ❑ **MC311 and CountyStat.** Capture recent successes and best practices for dissemination across departments



Focus Area 2—Technology

INTEGRATION



Customer insights and performance tracking: Where do we stand?

Original MC311 Vision	Status
Provide service request tracking information, from intake to disposition	Largely accomplished, but with room for continuous improvement
Real-time data reporting	
Integrate with CountyStat	
Provide management with information for program resource allocation decisions	
Eliminate multiple, redundant IT systems	Consolidation of call centers and some systems (ex: solid waste), but most departments maintain stand-alone case management systems
Provide a “comprehensive 360 degree view of customer relationship” to capture customer “wants and needs”	MC311 provides insights on needs of customers, but lacks access to more detailed data in department case management systems
Provide clarity into agency performance with visibility into dep’t activities	SLA’s established and tracked across departments, but some service requests bypass MC311—and dep’t case management systems remain “source of truth”



Siebel: contributions and constraints beyond intake

MC311's CRM platform is primarily an intake rather than a case management system, creating a need for system integration and sometimes double entry—as well as opportunities for bypassing

MC311 CRM offers a robust, enterprise-scale solution that can be tailored to provide a wide range of functions, incl. case management (ex: DEP-SWS)

MC311 CRM offers a wealth of information on County service delivery, but departmental case management systems often remain the definitive “source of truth”—some departments have invested heavily in these systems, many function well, and replacing them would be costly

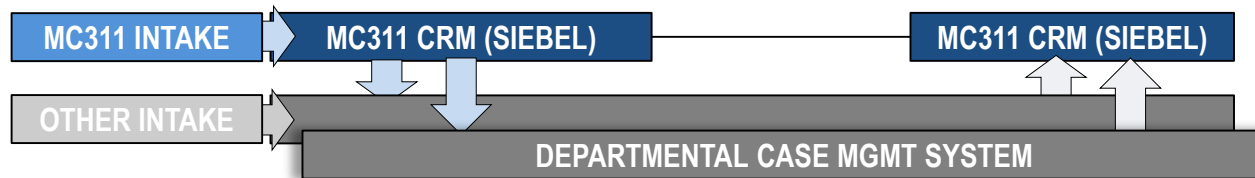
Incorporating additional requirements into Siebel would require significant effort now that MC311 no longer has an experienced system integration team supporting it (post CIP)

The decentralized nature of the County's IT systems portfolio makes it difficult for Siebel to fully capture all of the County's interactions with citizens, although departments make an effort through double entry and light system integration



Integration Strategies

A. Point-by-point integration (Current)



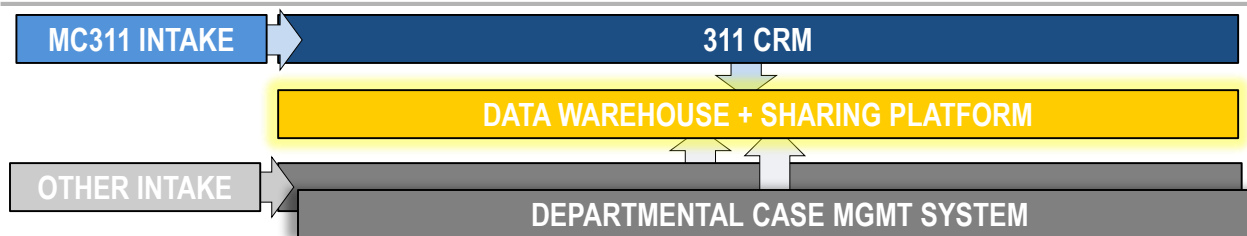
No need to migrate well-functioning department systems, lower risk, but data spread across systems, potential for “leakage”, need for double entry

B. Consolidated, end-to-end system (ex: DEP-SWS, Prince George’s County)



All data in one place, single license, easier maintenance, standardization, but big migration / change mgmt effort and high risk

C. Central data warehouse (ex: New York City Data Bridge)

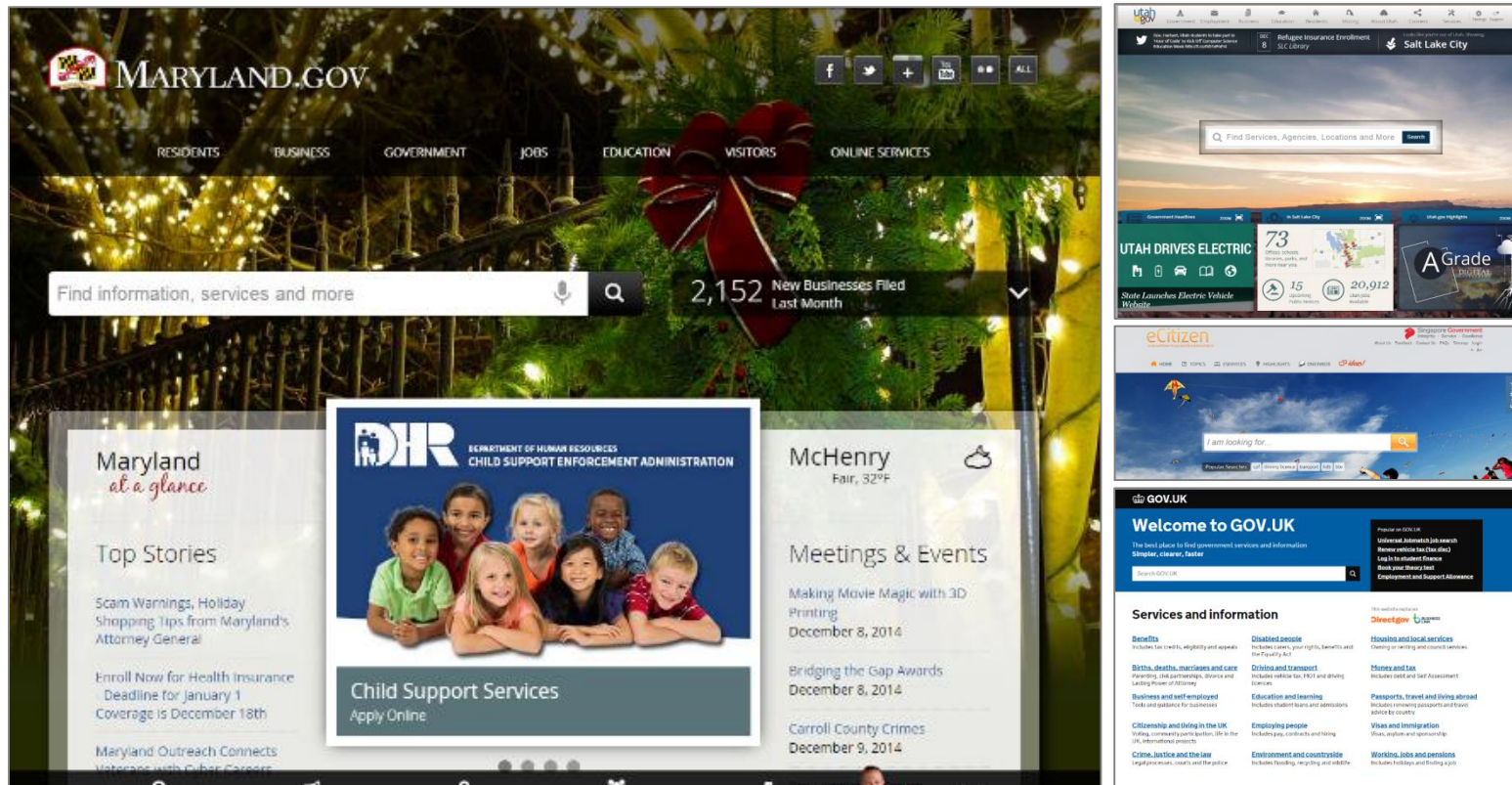


All data in one place, no need to migrate well-functioning department systems, but high cost



MC311 CRM was implemented as an intake system only, which therefore has to be integrated with departmental systems to facilitate the automated flow of SRs. Not all departments are fully integrated (creating a pain-point). Alternative strategies may not be viable at this time as B is often unrealistic in a government of our size and as C is not realistic in the current fiscal environment.

“Bypassing the bypassing:” Using planned homepage redesign to steer residents to MC311 online intake



Most modern e-government website redesigns center the site first and foremost around **search and services**—rather than the structure of government or public media releases. DTS supports this vision, which would help drive more resident communications through MC311(.com).



MontgomeryCountyMD.gov as Gateway to MC311

Search not prominent

Few link to MC311.com

I want to ...

Links to KBAs; Best practice, but link not prominent

PIO has control over homepage, presenting opportunity to further route traffic through MC311 (online and phone)

KBAs integrated into search; potential for improving search results

CountyStat

Search Results from MC311

- [Agricultural Burning Permits](#)
- [Apply for Electrical Permits Online](#)
- [Burning on Private Property](#)
- [Child Labor Laws or Youth Work Permits](#)
- [City of Gaithersburg Permits](#)
- [City of Rockville Building Permits](#)
- [Commercial Building Permits: New Construction, Additions, Alterations](#)
- [Daily Parking Permit Cost](#)
- [Department of Permitting Services Fee Schedule for: Building, Demolition, Electrical, Mechanical, Use and Occupancy, Fire Alarm, Fire Sprinkler, Fence and Sign Permits; Electrical and Vendor Licenses; Home Occupation Certificates](#)
- [Department of Permitting Services Fee Schedule for: Sediment Control, Right of Way Construction, Floodplain District, Stormwater Concept, Special Protection Areas, Well and Septic Permits](#)
- [More...](#)

MC311 Search

Move from duplication of effort to reuse

The screenshot shows the Montgomery County Department of Transportation website. The header includes links for Home, Alerts, Translate, and a search bar. The main navigation bar lists Residents, Businesses, Government, Departments, Online Services, and MC311. A sidebar on the left contains links for MCDOT Home, About MCDOT, Parking Home, News, FAQ, Parking Facilities, Pay Parking Ticket, Maps, Meters and Rates, Permits, and Parking A-Z Index. The main content area is titled "Montgomery County Department of Transportation" and "Division of Parking Management". It features a section for "Parking Violation Payment Options" with three numbered options: 1. PAY ONLINE (highlighted with a blue button), 2. By phone: 240-453-0113 (Credit Cards only), and 3. In person at the following locations: Silver Spring Parking Sales Store. A table provides contact information for the Silver Spring Parking Sales Store.

Address	801 Ellsworth Drive, Silver Spring MD 20910 (Garage 61)
Main Office	240-777-8744
Fax	301-565-7363
Hours	7:30am - 4:00pm, Monday - Friday (except county holidays)
Forms of Payment	Cash, Check, Money Order, Visa or MasterCard

The screenshot shows the MC311 website. The header includes the MC311 logo and the text "ANSWERING TO YOU". The main navigation bar lists 311 Home, About MC311, Announcements, All Services, and Check Status. The main content area is titled "All Services" and lists the County Department: DOT. A yellow box highlights the "Pay Parking Meter Ticket" service, stating: "There are several options to pay a parking meter ticket. You may either pay at a parking sales store located in Silver Spring or Bethesda, pay on-line or pay by phone at 240.453.0113. In addition, you may pay at the Treasury Division located at 255 Rockville Pike, Rockville MD". Below this, a link is provided for "Parking Ticket Information".

How can we consolidate information and forms so that only one authoritative information source needs to be maintained across all web presences?



Follow-up Items

- ☐ **DTS and PIO.** As part of planned website redesign, further centralize on MC311 on the County homepage for intake and knowledge base
- ☐ **PIO, Departments, and CountyStat.** Ensure consistency and reusability across knowledge base article and corresponding departmental web pages
- ☐ **DTS and CountyStat.** Examine the IT Review Process (MITIRPS) and the role of Siebel as a preferred enterprise solution

MC311's Strategic Priority #5 is to enhance MC311's web presence



Focus Area 3

COMMUNICATION AND COLLABORATION



MC311-related complaints received by CEX demonstrate importance of collaboration

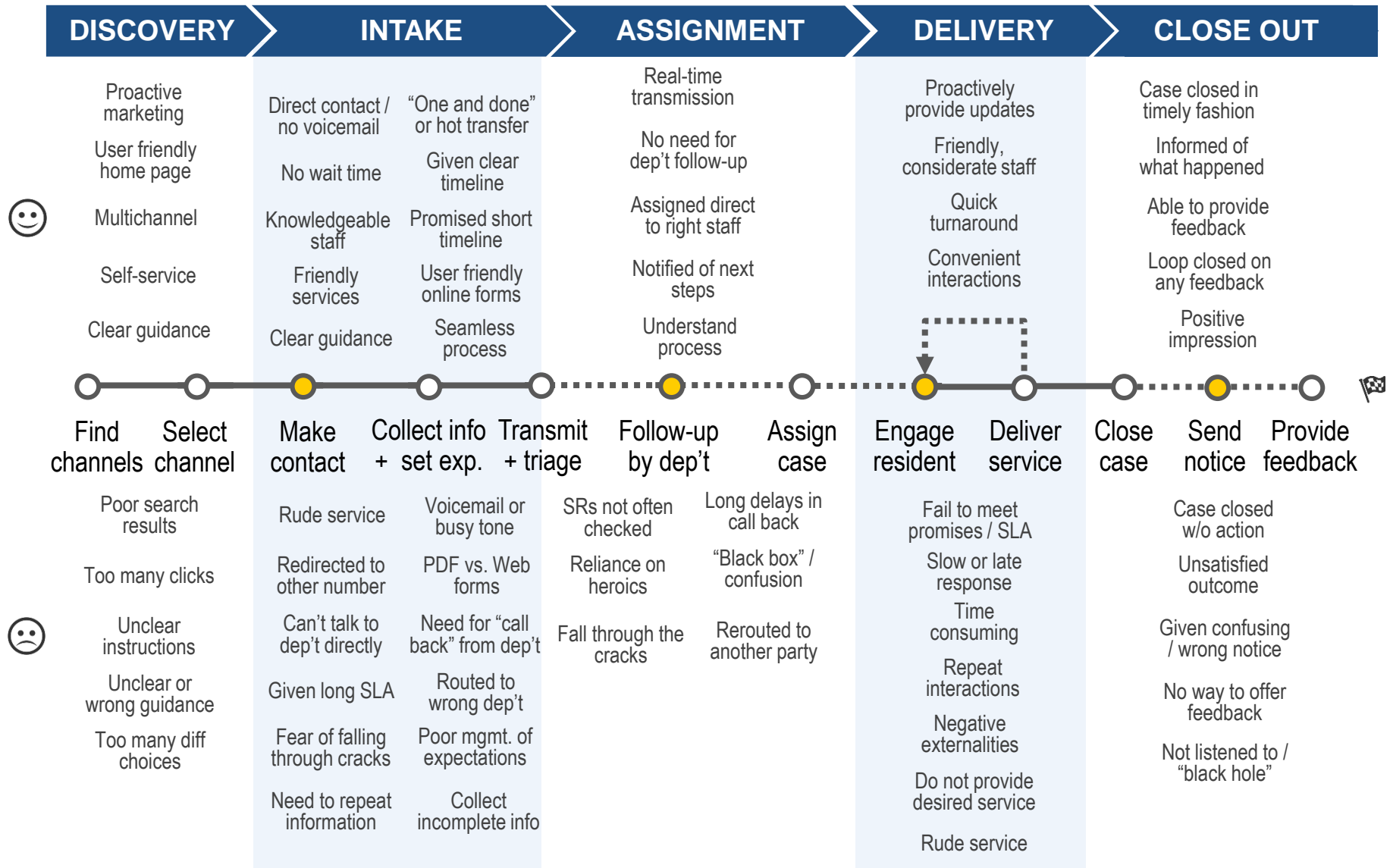
- Examined 15 resident complaints provided by CEX (March – December 2014) for which causes and consequences could be determined. Council does not maintain a log.
- Not random sample or necessarily representative, but helps pinpoint potential issues.

DISTRIBUTION (note: some examples fit into multiple categories—i.e. non-exclusive):

Call Center [6 – 40%]	Unsatisfied with answer (1 - general, 1 – technical understanding)
	SLA incorrectly communicated / confusion (1)
	Rude call operator (1)
	Technical: MC311 system down (1) / Unable to find address (1)
Departments [9 – 60%]	Not meeting SLA - No action (6) / Late action (2)
	Closed without action (3)
	Rude staff (1)
	Fall through cracks between departmental geographic division (1)
Policy [6 – 40%]	Unsatisfied with SLA (2) / Unsatisfied with wait time for call back (1)
	Unsatisfied with need to be redirected to another number (1 – State / 1 - MCPS)
	Unsatisfied with not being able to reach department directly (2)

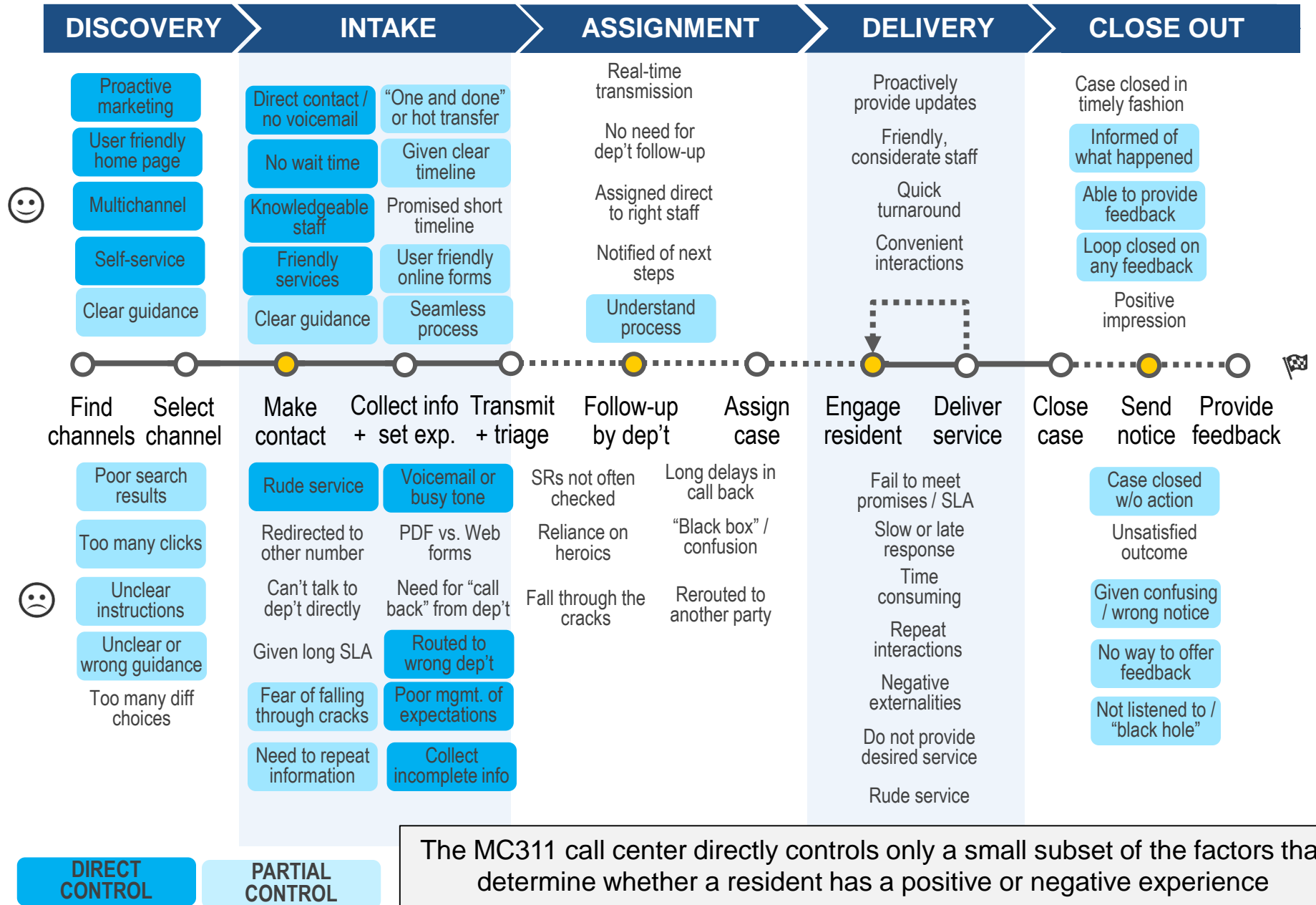
Analysis of complaints suggest that opportunities for improvement extend far beyond the call center. Note: numbers do not add up to 100% as many cases fit multiple categories.

Opportunities for Positive and Negative Experiences



Customer Journey Map: enables organizations to pinpoint potential challenges and opportunities in their interaction with residents (used extensively by the public sector in the United Kingdom)

Factors controlled and influenced by PIO/MC311



Need for greater involvement and buy-in from County staff

- MC311 is often perceived as a call center and “outsourced function” rather than an end-to-end customer relationship management system that requires participation and contributions from everyone
- This often results in a lack of “ownership” among staff, who too often have an inverted view of who serves whom—i.e. lack of recognition that MC311 exists to serve them and that it is important for them to collaborate and work with MC311 to ensure desired results
- Perception challenge: bad experiences create far more “noise” and are far more likely to rise to the attention of senior management—making it important to put individual complaints in the context of the overall volume of 2,500,000+ citizen requests to date

Need for further confidence building and encouraging staff to proactively work with MC311 if they have concerns or see opportunities for improvement



Follow-up Items

- ❑ **MC311 with support from CountyStat.** Conduct another internal MC311 customer survey to get a sense of the pain points and develop an action plan.
- ❑ **MC311.** Restart webinars about how 311 works to help internal customers better understand MC311's processes ("what's in it for me?") and develop presentation on past success stories ("MC311 as a solution to your problem")—building on well-received "new user" and "refresher" Siebel courses.
- ❑ **MC311 in collaboration with departments.** Renewed push on external marketing and outreach, including by collaboratively creating specific service focused ads—to not only support departments, but also build internal trust and appreciation



“Successful delivery often lies not in the big decisions but in the everyday routine.”

(M. Barber - Instruction to Deliver)

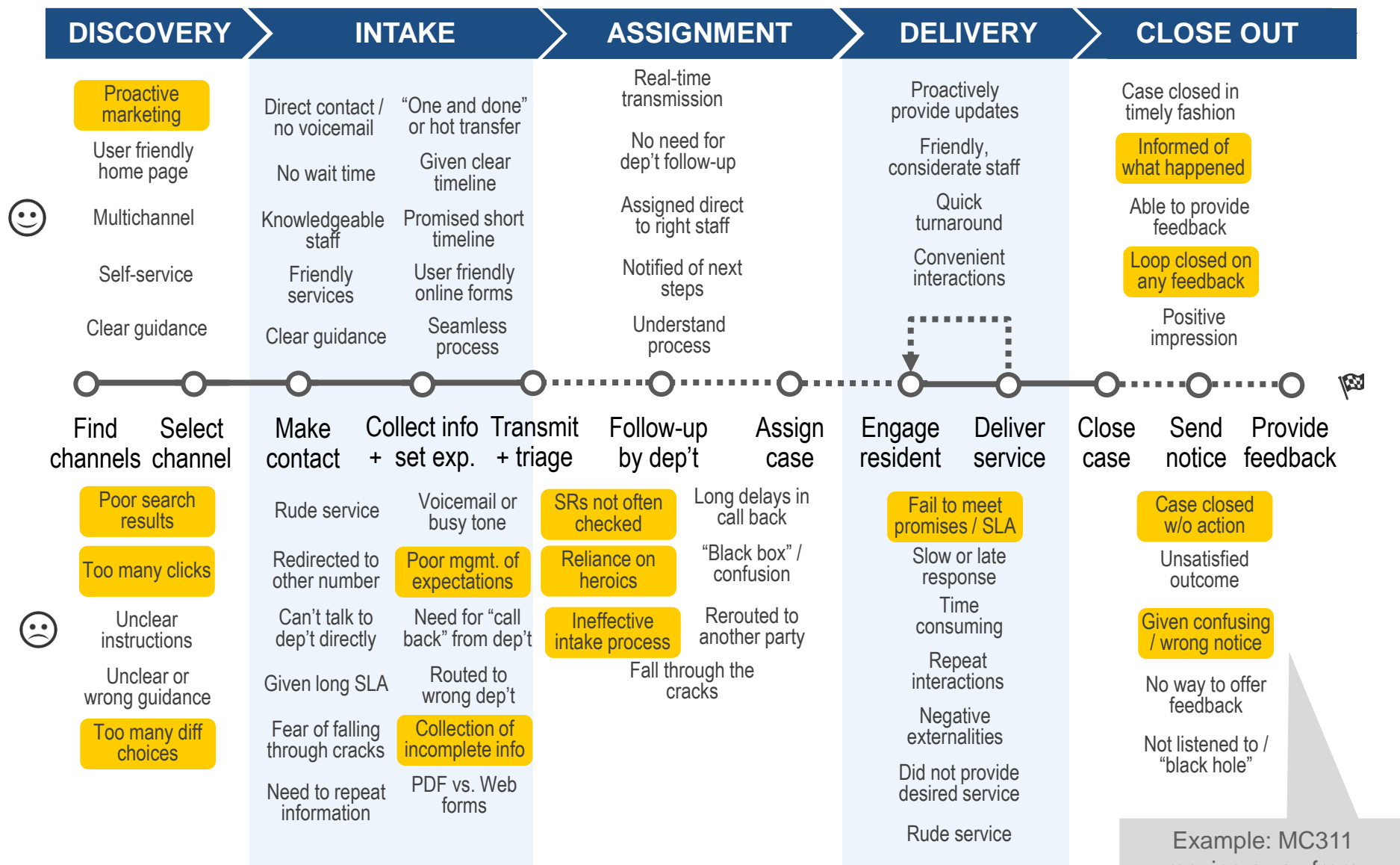
Next Steps—Short Update

PROCESS FOR CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT



Priority Focus Areas

RECOMMENDED PRIORITIES

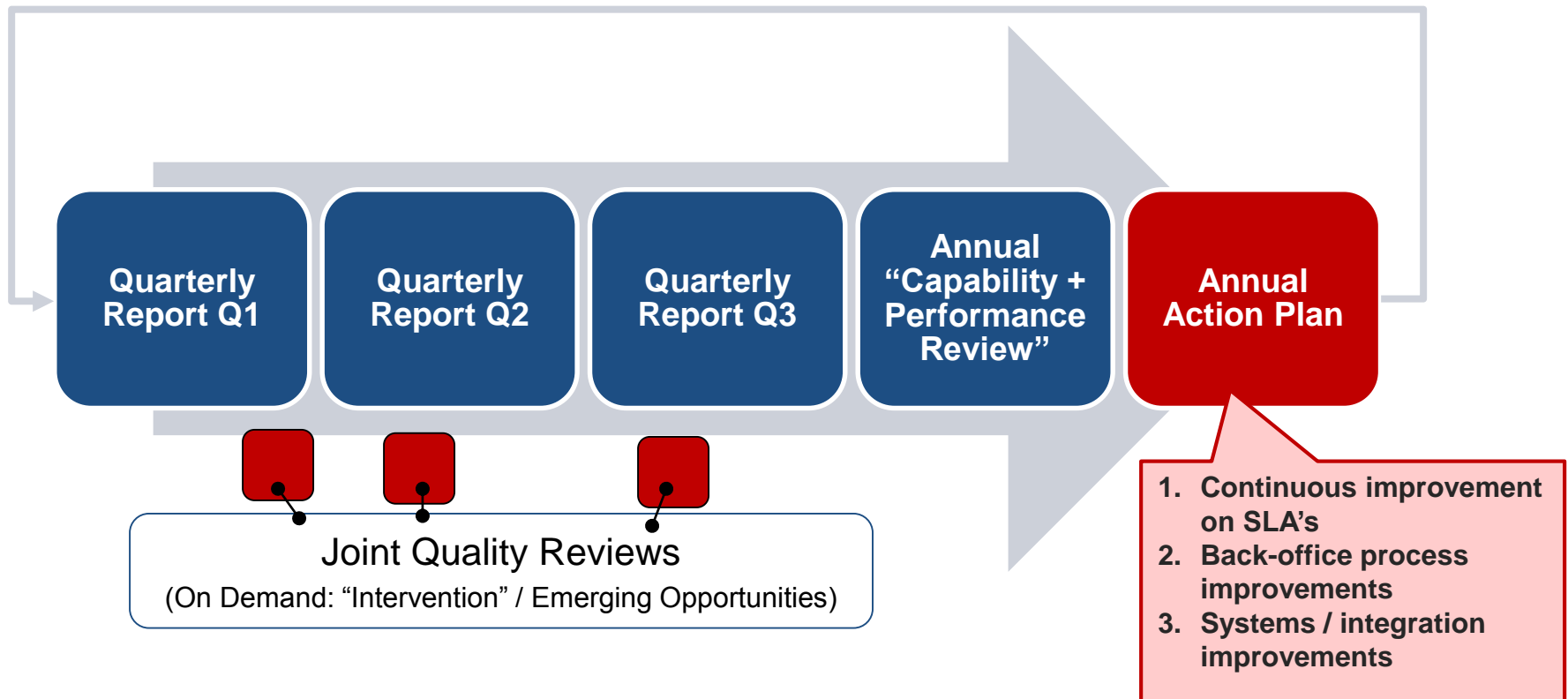


CountyStat analysis suggests that the highlighted factors are the biggest drivers of resident complaints—or present the most promising opportunity for improvement

Example: MC311 moving away from generic auto-completion email

Update on MC311-CountyStat Partnership for Improved Performance in Customer Service Excellence

New “Quarterly Performance Reports” appear to have helped drive significant improvement in SLA performance. Building on this, will work with priority departments to jointly develop a short annual “Action Plan” for tackling priority issues as well as a process for “Joint Quality Reviews.”



MC311 Strategic Priority #1 for FY2015 is to further enhance central governance through structured collaboration with CountyStat.

Follow-Up Items

- ❑ **Department, MC311, and CountyStat.** Jointly develop focused Department Action Plans at end of fiscal year (same time as revisit SLA times) to address priority SLA issues, gaps in system and business process integration, etc.
- ❑ **CountyStat, C311, and CEX.** Revise and fully align quality assurance function, including by expanding systematic collection and analysis of complaints received by CEX—and develop methods for aggregating complaint data from all available sources so that they can be proactively learned from.
- ❑ **Department, MC311, and CountyStat.** Put in place a process for “Joint Quality Reviews”—to be organized with key back-office players and stakeholders—to reverse emerging negative trends and/or to jointly explore opportunities for improving customer experience.

Goal: putting in place the processes for systematically tackling remaining day-to-day operational challenges and opportunities

